

QUESTION 02

हालाँकि एक सिविल सेवक निजी और सार्वजनिक जीवन के लिए अलग-अलग नैतिकता नहीं रख सकता, जिससे कभी-कभी हितों का टकराव हो सकता है, लेकिन ऐसे टकरावों की पहचान और प्रबंधन नैतिक शासन की कुंजी है। उदाहरण सहित समझाइए।

(10 अंक, 150 शब्द)

While a civil servant cannot have separate ethics for private and public life, which may sometimes lead to conflicts of interest, identifying and managing such conflicts is key to ethical governance. Explain with example. (10 Marks, 150 Words)

Thought Process (Pre-Writing Work)

- Parts of the question with expected marks criteria
- Directive Word(s)
- Topic Word(s)
- Limiting Words
- Writing Presentation
- Writing Interpretation

This section will be discussed in the Answer Discussion Class.

Content for Answer

A civil servant's private virtues like honesty and integrity must guide public actions, because separating them leads to double standards and compromises impartiality. An inability to maintain a single ethical standard can result in decisions benefiting personal interests over public welfare, undermining the core principle of selflessness in public service.

Example:

Suppose, a civil servant is in charge of land acquisition for a public infrastructure project. He discovers that a significant portion of the land belongs to a private company owned by a close family member.

Identifying the conflict:

- **The private interest:** The officer's family stands to benefit financially from the government's acquisition of their company's land.
- **The public duty:** The officer's duty is to acquire land for the public good at a fair market price, without personal bias.

Managing the conflict:

- To manage this conflict ethically, the officer must recuse himself from any decisions regarding the land in question.
- He must disclose his relationship with the company to his superiors and the ethics committee to ensure transparency.
- An independent officer should then be appointed to handle the acquisition, demonstrating that public interest remains the sole priority.

By identifying and managing this conflict proactively, the officer upholds the integrity of his office and maintains public confidence in the governance process. Therefore, ethical governance relies not on the absence of conflicts, but on how they are identified and managed, ensuring that public interest always prevails over personal gain.

Space for Answer Discussion:

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